



SILLITIN Z 86 (PURISS)

Field of application: Elastomers

1. Description

SILLITIN Z 86 and SILLITIN Z 86 puriss is a natural combination of corpuscular silica and lamellar kaolinite. These two elements together form a loose structure which offers particular advantages in terms of application possibilities when used as a functional filler.

Characteristics

| | | |
|--|------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Appearance | | free-flowing powder |
| Color CIELAB scale: | L* a* b* | 94.0 1.0 9.5 |
| Residue > 40 µm | | 20 mg/kg |
| Volatile matter at 105 °C | | 0.5 % |
| Density | | 2.6 g/cm ³ |
| Particle size distribution | D ₅₀ D ₉₇ | 2.1 µm 9.5 µm |
| Surface area BET | | 13 m ² /g |
| Oil absorption | | 55 g/100 g |
| Puriss grade: As a result of a sophisticated manufacturing process the very low residue is reduced even further from the values given above to the following: In addition the good dispersion behavior is once more improved. | > 40 µm | 8 mg/kg |

Packaging

| | |
|------------|---------------|
| Paper bags | á 25 kg |
| EVA bags | ≤ 20 kg |
| Big Bags | 600 - 1000 kg |
| Bulk | ≤ 22 t |

The puriss-grade is available in paper bags of 25 kilos only.

Shelf life

Unlimited if stored properly under dry conditions.



2. Applications

In elastomer applications SILLITIN Z 86 and SILLITIN Z 86 puriss can be used as a functional filler either on its own or in combination with other non-reinforcing or reinforcing fillers.

Information on compliance with certain regulations/recommendations and other safety-related aspects: [Product safety information](#)

Fields of application

In general **SILLITIN Z 86** is suitable for any rubber products used for technical applications.

Its particular properties are that it provides a balanced relationship between compression set, tensile strength, tear resistance and has very good extrusion properties.

Used in black profiles and hoses it has a slight matting effect.

It is suitable both for black and colored compounds.

SILLITIN Z 86 puriss also has advantages in the following instances:

- products with extremely thin walls (membranes)
- if surface quality requirements are very high (roller coverings and offset blankets)
- if dispersion requirements are very high (compounds with a high oil content or automotive profiles with very high surface defect rate)

Methods of processing:

Any process commonly used in the rubber industry.

Elastomers:

BIIR, BR, CIIR, CR, HNBR, IIR, IR, NBR, NR, PNR, SBR;
CM, CSM, EPM, EPDM, EVM.

Metering:

EPM, EPDM: 50 - 400 phr
NBR: 50 - 250 phr
NR: 50 - 250 phr
SBR: 50 - 250 phr

Comment:

In high-filled peroxide cured compounds it can be beneficial to add glycol.



3. Benefits

- good, fast incorporation
- very good dispersion behavior
- good rheological properties
- excellent surfaces
- very good extrusion properties
- good heat conductivity
- no negative influence on curing rate
- low tensile and compression set
- high electric insulation resistance
- good aging properties
- high chemical resistance
- complies with the standards on basic foodstuffs of the BfR and FDA
- matting effect

Puriss also provides the following benefits compared with the base material SILLITIN Z 86:

- extremely low sieving residue
- excellent dispersion behavior, even in critical compounds

Comparison of properties

| | SILLITIN V | SILLITIN N | SILLITIN Z | SILLIKOLLOID P |
|--------------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|-------------------|
| Viscosity | • | •• | ••• | •••• |
| Tensile strength | • | •• | ••• | •••• |
| Tear resistance | • | •• | ••• | •••• |
| Compression set | • | •• | ••• | •••• |
| Profile quality (Extrusion) | • | •• | ••• | •••• |
| Matting effect (Extrusion) | •••• | ••• | •• | • |
| Elasticity | •••• | ••• | •• | • |
| Abrasion | •••• | ••• | •• | • |

• = low •••• = high



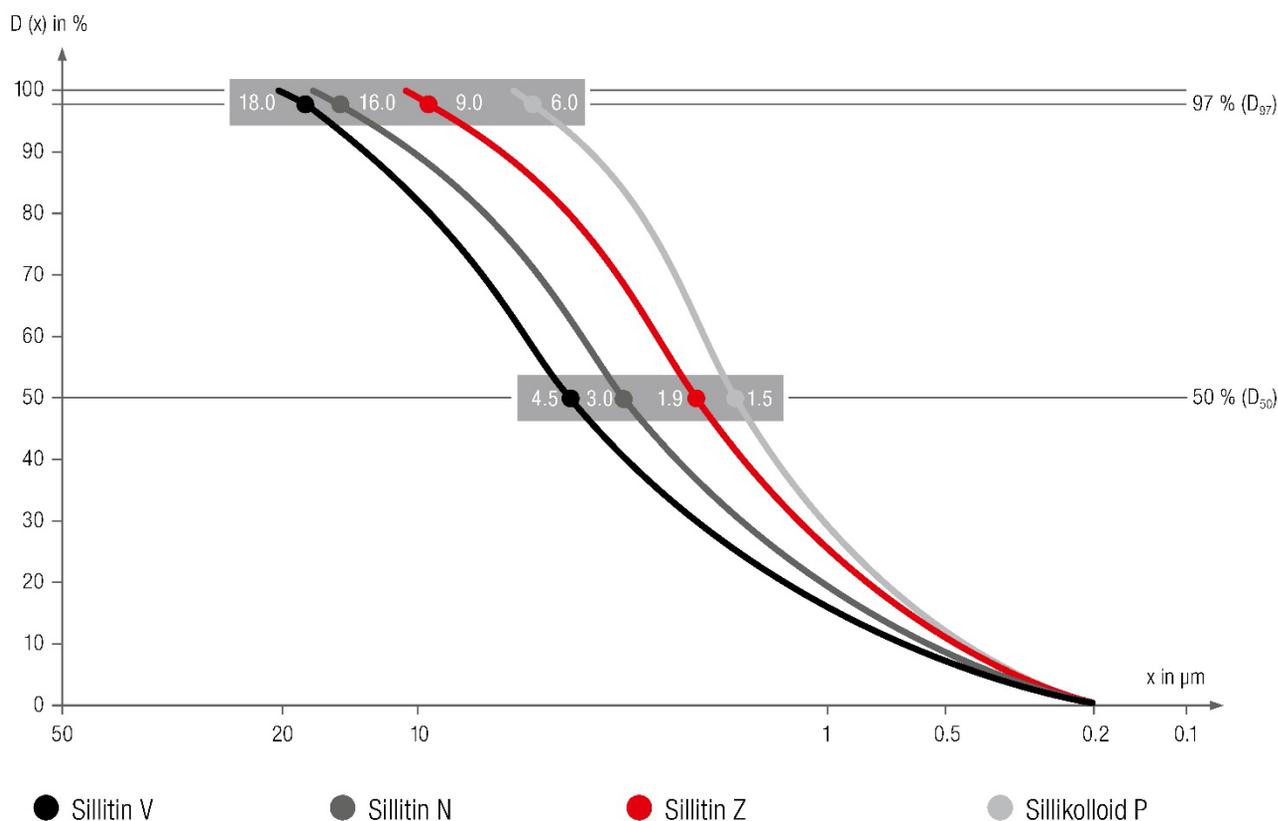
4. Particle size distribution

The measurement method for these particle size distributions is based on the Fraunhofer diffraction spectrum. The analyses were carried out with Mastersizer 3000, a laser apparatus of Malvern.

Important:

The data on particle size distribution is highly dependent upon the method used, test preparations and the measuring device itself. As a result the values given may not be directly comparable with those provided by another manufacturer.

If you have any queries please contact us direct.



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